



WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 13, 1904.

From Washington.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, D. C., July 13.

Unless the flood situation in Kansas and vicinity becomes more serious, the War Department intends to suspend the issuance of rations to the sufferers.

The Navy Department has begun the work on the plans for one of its largest coaling depots, which will be established at California City Point, in San Francisco bay. The land has just been turned over to the government. It is proposed to expend \$2,000,000 on the project.

The Pennsylvania Club, composed of Pennsylvania Senators and Representatives and other men of that State, has been refused by the District Excise Board a license to dispense intoxicating liquors to its members and their guests at the new club house at No. 926 Fifteenth street, northwest. The board states that it could not see a way to issue a liquor license to a house in a locality whose population was unanimously opposed to the proposition, and the members of the board expressed regret that they had been compelled to turn down the request of a "good club" for a license.

The Japanese legation has not been advised of the reported repulse of the Japanese army at Port Arthur, with a loss of between 30,000 and 40,000 men. The officials of the legation therefore discredit the rumor.

The price of beef in Washington today showed an advance of from 8 to 10 cents per pound.

Millard F. Haylton was today appointed postmaster at Vaughn, Floyd county, Va.

STORMS IN VIRGINIA.

Yesterday afternoon, during a severe storm, lightning struck a pecan tree in the yard of W. T. Harvell, about two miles and a half from Waverly, on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, and then jumped to the house, killing Mrs. Harvell, who was in a room upstairs. Two other persons who were in a room below were very badly stunned. Prince George county, in the vicinity of Garysville, was visited Monday afternoon by the heaviest rain known in that section for some years. The rain was accompanied by considerable hail, which injured the crops. Esther Jones was struck by lightning and instantly killed, and her father and brother, Junius Jones, sr., and Junius Jones, jr., were seriously injured by the lightning. The Joneses are tenants on the farm of J. W. Moore, who himself was badly stunned by lightning.

Considerable damage was done at the various summer resorts near Norfolk yesterday by the worst storm experienced in Norfolk in years. The wind blew a gale for over an hour, and during that time the roof of the great pavilion at Pine Beach was struck by lightning. A piece of the wreckage in falling struck Mrs. F. C. Elliott, who was seriously injured. At Ocean View many fences were blown down and traffic was delayed on the railroad to that resort for a time by uprooted trees across the track. In several parts of the country farms were flooded, the rain coming down in torrents, while the telephone and telegraph systems suffered somewhat. An upturned yacht, drifting in Tanners Creek, has caused much apprehension, it being the belief that the yacht capsized in the bay and drifted into the creek during the gale.

The Democratic Campaign.

The return to Esopus, N. Y., of William F. Sheehan from the St. Louis convention marks the opening of the national democratic campaign, will be largely conducted from Esopus. Actual plans for the campaign have not been completed, but it is probable that Judge Parker will remain at Rosemont most of the summer and fall. His friends say that Judge Parker will advise on all questions of importance, which may come up during the campaign.

Mr. Sheehan remained with Judge Parker for nearly three hours yesterday but neither would discuss the conference. Regarding the chairmanship of the democratic national committee, they were silent also.

It is said that Mr. Sheehan is very much averse to the proposition that he should take the position himself, believing that he can be of more service to the party in other ways. At any rate, it may be said upon authority that nothing has been settled on the subject. There is a rumor in Kingston tonight that Judge Parker wants the chairmanship to go to Senator Gorman, but no verification is possible.

Town Wiped Out by Fire.

Fire nearly wiped out the business section of Millington, Md., last night. The town hall, the postoffice, two hotels, four of the largest stores, and other buildings were destroyed. The local fire company could not cope with the flames, and sent for help to Wilmington, Del., which sent several engines, but these arrived too late. A driving rain storm set in during the conflagration and handicapped the firemen, but had little apparent effect on the flames. The loss is estimated at about \$200,000. The fire started in the blacksmith shop of W. H. Loper. Miss Florence Forbes, a young woman, fell dead from fright during the fire. Millington is in Kent county, Md., on the eastern shore of Maryland, and is a fruit center.

Mayor Bird, of Wilmington, Del., has been asked for aid for the Millington sufferers, and he will take immediate action to relieve the situation. Two hundred persons are homeless and in want.

Mr. J. Taylor Ellyson Sanguine.

"I feel as sure of the election of Judge Parker as I did of his nomination," said State Chairman and Democratic National Committeeman J. Taylor Ellyson in Richmond yesterday. Mr. Ellyson has just returned from the St. Louis convention, and is enthusiastic over the action of that body. "The bold and independent action of Judge Parker," said Mr. Ellyson, "which for a while threatened confusion to the party, proved, as soon as it became thoroughly understood, a tower of strength, and when the convention adjourned the delegates had a feeling of confidence in the result of the election, which gives assurance of certain victory in November. I know the stuff of which Judge Parker is made. He has reunited the party and will lead it to victory."

It is figured that Virginia will give Parker and Davis at least 50,000 majority, and it is believed that the ticket will carry West Virginia.

At Wheeling, W. Va., today Newton Ogden, of Wirt county, was nominated by the republican convention for State treasurer.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

Unofficial Reports of Sanguinary Battle—Rumors of Sea Fight—Believed Russians are About to Fall Into a Trap with Japanese North and South.

London, July 13.—While nothing official is at hand to confirm the report, it is generally believed this morning that a fierce fight has occurred at Port Arthur, on the land side, and possibly also an attack by the Japanese by sea. The first report intimating such a thing came late yesterday, and reached St. Petersburg via Chefoo. This report had it that the Japanese had made a determined assault on the Port Arthur works and had been defeated, losing in the neighborhood of thirty thousand killed and wounded. This report is again published this morning, in several London and continental papers, among them the Evening Star, which has heard the rumor, from Tien Tsin. The report might easily be true, as the Japanese are known to have immense forces concentrated not many miles from the town of Port Arthur itself. As early as last week, the Japanese are known to have taken several of the outer forts of the port, and sufficient time has elapsed to permit of the bringing up of reinforcements, the arranging of the assault, and the placing of the Japanese in battle array. That the battle, if there has been one, was a terrific one, is attested to by the enormous losses rumored. The Russians are said to have employed the same tactics used in the fight on the heights to the north of the town over a fortnight ago, when the ground over which the assaulting Japanese must march was mined, and set off when a large company of the Mikado's fighters were over the mines.

Rumors are also thick of a sea fight. Junks which yesterday reached Chefoo say the opposing sea forces were arrayed against each other on Monday, and one refugee to Chefoo reports hearing two terrific explosions in the direction of the port, indicating that disaster has overtaken one or more of the vessels engaged.

Admiral Togo reports a torpedo attack on the harbor, but gives no details other than to say the Japanese vessels were not damaged.

This may have been the battle referred to by the Chefoo refugees, or, on the other hand, may have been but a feint on the part of the wily Japanese admiral to draw the Russians out to battle. The land forces to the north of the port are daily in touch with each other, though no battle has been reported since the Japanese took Kai Chow several days ago. The Russians are said to be slowly but surely retreating while Oku and his Japanese followers are advancing forcing the Russians back. It is believed in some quarters that the Russians are retreating into a trap, and that a most decisive land battle must occur in a very few days. The Japanese patrols are reported to be but a few miles from Liao Yang, and the main force under General Kuroki is not far behind. From this it would appear that the Japanese under Kuroki will be able to cut off the retreat of the forces of General Kuropatkin and General Stalberg, and catch the Russian forces in a trap, with General Oku on the south and General Kuroki on the north.

London, July 13.—Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, today issued an official report of the losses by the Japanese during the fight for the occupation of Kai-Ping (Kai Chow). The report shows that the losses were remarkably small for so fierce an engagement. The casualties between July 5th and 7th were four killed and 20 wounded, while the losses on July 8th and 9th were about 150 killed and wounded.

St. Petersburg, July 13.—The Russian general staff officially state that the victory Alexieff has been informed from Japanese sources that the Japanese attacked the Port Arthur positions on the night of July 10, and were repulsed with enormous losses. It is stated the casualties on the Japanese side reached 40,000.

London, July 13.—The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Evening Star repeats the report that thousands of Japanese have been killed in an unsuccessful attempt to take Port Arthur on the land side.

Chefoo, July 13.—A Frenchman who has arrived here from Port Arthur says the Japanese took Fort No. 14 on July 7. St. Petersburg, July 13.—The Gazette today reports that Japanese patrols have reached a point twelve miles from Liao Yang.

London, July 13.—Your correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphs a sensational rumor to the effect that the Japanese after their terrible defeat on Monday night, attacked the Port Arthur positions with new forces, and succeeded in taking them. Your correspondent concludes his message. "This rumor seems to me incredible." The Japanese legation here has not been advised of the alleged repulse of the Japanese army at Port Arthur with a loss of between 30,000 and 40,000 men. The officials of the legation therefore discredit the rumor.

Reported Denied.

Esopus, N. Y., July 13.—The report in a New York morning paper that Judge Parker knew the gold plank was out of the original platform at St. Louis on Friday evening because it was published in the Kingston Freeman, is denied here. It is said Parker did not take that paper, and did not see it, and did not know the gold plank had been stricken from the platform until after breakfast the next morning, when the famous ultimatum was sent to Sheehan. If Judge Parker actually runs his own campaign, as he gives every evidence of doing, thus far, it is certain that Mr. Sheehan can have the chairmanship of national committee or be candidate for Governor of New York. It is learned today that William R. Hearst has placed his powers at the disposal of Judge Parker's candidacy and will from this time forth advocate strenuously the election of the regular nominee. Grover Cleveland will probably deliver one address. That Mr. Bryan will enter into the Parker and the presidential effort is extremely doubtful. Up to date no word of congratulation from the Nebraska has been received nor has Tammany leader Murphy expressed joy over the St. Louis occurrences.

While Mr. Sheehan is in New York the date of the meeting of the national committee will be fixed and Judge Parker will be warned of the formal notification. It is intimated that the notification will not take place until after President Roosevelt has been similarly apprised by the republican committee.

The Market.

Georgetown, July 13.—West 73a54.

STRIKE SPREADING.

Butchers, Carvers, Slaughterers, Drivers, Helpers and Laborers Strike in New York—Beef Trade Brought to Standstill.

New York, July 13.—Thirty-five hundred butchers, carvers, slaughterers, drivers, helpers, and laborers in this city joined in the great meat strike today, the order to go out came to the men late yesterday afternoon and the men immediately voted to obey it. Armour and Company and Schwarzschild and Sulzberger called on the police this morning for protection. They said the strikers were congregated near their plants and police were wanted in the event of trouble. Retail butchers lost no time in taking advantage of the strike. Prices have been raised one and two cents all along the line and will go higher. A meat famine is predicted, should the strike run over two or three days. Organizer Eichelberger, who is in New York to take charge of the strike at this end, said today: "Not a pound of beef will be on hand for sale in New York within the next three days. Every branch is thoroughly organized, and the firms cannot help themselves." Eichelberger declared that the beef trust was responsible. "It has been apparent to us for some time," he said, "that they wished to have a strike."

Chicago, July 13.—Peaceful was the condition of affairs in the stock yards territory during the early hours of this morning. Knots of strikers gathered here and there, while picket lines were placed to keep watch on the part of the packers to bring into the plants such non union help as they have been able to secure during the night. Eighty negroes were smuggled into the yards under the cover of darkness, it was reported. They are used in the placing of beef slaughtered Tuesday into the cooling rooms. Five hundred policemen remained within call, should necessity require their presence to disperse unruly assemblages. Sporadic attempts at disorder were noticed but they had not resulted in any serious action up to 10 o'clock.

This morning President Donnelly sent out the following telegram to all the packing centres where strikes are on: "The tie up here is complete. The butchers' workers of Chicago send congratulations to your people. Our battle is on. Let every man and woman do their duty."

Kansas City, Mo., July 13.—There were no desertions from the packing house strikers' ranks this morning, nor did the packers hire any laborers. There is no work for the latter as their duties depend upon the activity of the killing gangs. The packing house district was comparatively deserted this morning, when the seven o'clock whistles blew. No extra police are on duty. The saloons surrounding the plants are empty. Armour had about 1200 cattle and hogs on hand and five hundred sheep and announced the intention of slaughtering them. The prices of meats so far are unchanged.

Mr. Gompers Makes a Speech.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 13.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, came to Milwaukee yesterday to address the national convention of the International Longshoremen Marine and Transport association, and the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees, both of which are being held in Milwaukee. He said: "The time has passed in America when a lot of capitalists can get together and say that they do no propose to recognize labor unions. I do not think that any one will assert that the price of meats has been reduced so that it becomes necessary to reduce the packers' employees' wages. We know that they have gotten rid of the middle man in the meat trades. We know that they have introduced a marvelous system of economy and every little scrap is saved in every beef, sheep, calf or hog that is killed. It is more than probable that the explanation will be that the fight is made against unionism rather than on account of inability to grant the raise asked."

Appealed to the Crown Prince.

Berlin, July 13.—While the Crown Prince was riding from Potsdam at the head of his guards, today, an elegantly dressed young lady, carrying a baby, threw herself before his highness's horse. The Prince was disturbed for a moment, then dismounted and asked the young woman what she desired. She said she was an officer's orphan, and that a promise of an officer had been betrayed and then deserted her, leaving her alone and dishonored. She besought the Prince to compel the courier to marry her. Prince Frederick William promised to report the case to the Kaiser. In the meantime he placed the petitioner under the protection of the chaplain's wife.

Test of Airship.

Montpelier, France, July 13.—Count de la Vaulx, the French aeronaut, today started to Palavas, on a trial trip in his new airship. Torpedo boats are following the balloon. The new ship is of a peculiar shape, built along lines which contain portions of the spherical and elongated models, which have been used by other aeronauts. The balloon returned in tow of a destroyer, after remaining for an hour over the sea. Aeronaut Herve, who accompanied de la Vaulx, said in an interview that the test was satisfactory. The screw, he said, worked well, justifying a new principle.

Cloudburst.

Manila, July 13.—Two hundred lives have been lost and \$2,000,000 worth of property destroyed by a cloud burst which swept San Juan del Monte. The climax came at the end of 24 hours heavy rain, which reached the unprecedented amount of seventeen inches. In San Juan del Monte boats are the only methods of communication, and all low lying districts are flooded, the people seeking safety on the hills.

New York Stock Market.

New York, July 13. 11 a. m.—The strong opening quotations failed to hold well through the first hour. The market is a fairly broad one, and there is an absence of liquidation of real stock.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

W. A. RYAN & SONS, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

City Council.

There was but little interest manifested in the proceedings of the City Council last night, although a large volume of miscellaneous business was transacted. Five Aldermen and twelve members of the Common Council were present. In the joint session Mr. Zoro Hill was selected to succeed himself as Police Commissioner from the First ward, and Mr. Laurence Stabler was chosen School Trustee from the First ward, and Dr. W. M. Smith and Mr. T. J. Fannon from the Fourth.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

In the absence of President Sweeney, Mr. Curtin was called to the chair.

Reports of the committees on finance and streets recommending appropriations for sewer work in the northern and southeastern portions of the city, laid over at the last meeting, were read and the action of the Common Council in adopting them concurred in.

Mr. W. H. Sweeney presented petitions of Mr. C. O. Fulman for permission to construct an additional square window to his store, northeast corner of Duke and Alfred streets, also to erect a frame addition to the rear of the same. The requests were granted.

Mr. Ballenger submitted an ordinance continuing to the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway Company the privilege of furnishing electricity for power in the city of Alexandria. The ordinance was referred to the committee on light.

The Common Council returned an ordinance passed at the last meeting of the Aldermen requiring the erection of gates at the railroad crossing at Henry and Oronoco streets, referring the same to the committee on general laws. The Aldermen receded from their action and concurred in that of the Common Council.

The action of the lower board on all the papers sent in was concurred in, and subsequently the Aldermen entered into joint session with the Common Council for the purpose of electing a Police Commissioner and members of the School Board. Upon their return the board adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

The board met shortly after 8 o'clock. The finance committee reported in favor of an appropriation of \$250 instead of \$500 for the committee in charge of the firemen's parade next August, and the report was adopted.

A resolution appropriating \$7,500 for a sewer from the Stone bridge at Duke and Peyton streets to King street was reported upon favorably by the committee on streets.

Mr. Leadbeater asked to recommit the resolution with directions to have an ordinance reported at the next meeting. This sewer was, he explained, the foundation of a sewer system to drain the western part of the city and open the way to the erection of modern buildings now so much in demand here. Mr. Spinks asked how much of the cost of this sewer would be levied on the adjacent property owners.

Mr. Leadbeater said none, until the property holders wished to tap the sewer.

Mr. Snowden asked if the purpose was to decide the question tonight; the adoption of the resolution would in a measure commit council to the construction of the sewer; he would like to hear from the chairman of the finance committee on this subject.

Chairman Bryan, of the finance committee, said he was not willing to vote on this question tonight.

Mr. Snowden was opposed to the use of so great an appropriation for so little purpose. The whole of the appropriation for streets and sewers this year was \$18,625. Already \$7,260 had been appropriated, and with this \$7,500 addition, only \$3,865 for the whole of the residue of the fiscal year, of which only six weeks had passed, would be left. He wanted sewers built, but where they would do the most good for people who already had houses, and said some of the money appropriated for streets should be used for cleaning the streets, some of which were now in a disgraceful condition. He said that over \$7,000 had already been appropriated for street and sewer work and this would keep the City Engineer engaged for the present.

Mr. Leadbeater said if this sewer system had been made seven or eight years ago there would now be 500 more houses in that part of the city subject to taxation. He instanced a town built up recently solely from the fact that improvements had been made in advance of the building.

Mr. Snowden said the boom town instance was not a precedent for Alexandria. A similar town had been started by a corporation on the south side of Hunting creek and all here know the result. He could mention numbers of similar instances. He questioned the propriety of dumping the sewage of the western part of the city into a sluggish stream.

Mr. Spinks said that right from the start he had been opposed to this appropriation. It was a great expense devoted to a mistaken enterprise. It was designed to enhance the value of property never improved, at the expense of the improved property of the citizens. It would cost \$35,000 to carry out this design of the City Engineer. The proposal was to deliver the fifth of the west part of the city above the tide of Hunting creek. During part of the year the place where this sewer would end was a marshy flat where the waste of the city would be left to fester in the sun and poison the air; sooner or later Hunting creek would have to be dredged to let out this sewage.

Mr. Snowden moved to lay the subject on the table and Mr. Normoyle moved as an amendment a re-reference of the matter to the joint committee on streets and finance. This was agreed to and the reference was made.

An adverse report on an application of McKinney and Lyons for leave to put up a frame building at Duke and Fairfax streets was agreed to.

An appropriation of \$300 for the improvement of Payne street from Commerce street to King street was agreed to. An ordinance for railroad gates at Pendleton and Oronoco streets was called up by Mr. Johnson.

Startling Evidence.

Fresh testimony in great quantity is constantly coming in, declaring Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds to be unequalled. A recent expression from T. J. McFarland of Centerville, Va., serves as an example. He writes: "I had Bronchitis for three years and doctored all the time without being benefited. Then I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles cured me. Equally effective in curing all Lung and Throat troubles, Consumption, Pneumonia and Grip. Guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists. Trial bottles free, regular sizes 50c and \$1.00.

Mr. Leadbeater said the attorney of the railway had asked that he have a chance to appear before the committee on the subject.

Mr. Snowden said a similar request had been made to him by the attorneys of both the railroads.

Mr. Johnson saw no reason for a delay and asked for a roll call on the question. He said the crossing was an exceedingly dangerous one, and urged immediate action. The motion for a re-reference was adopted by a vote of 7 to 5 and the subject was recommitted.

The application of Mrs. Adamson for leave to place a third story on the walls of the rear building of her house, No. 224 south Washington street—which were not of the thickness required by law—was granted.

The application of Irving Bawner for permission to erect a new frame dwelling on Columbus street, between Prince and Oronoco streets, was agreed to.

J. H. Crilly's application for leave to erect a frame kitchen at his dwelling on north Columbus street was referred.

A resolution to pay the owners of carts used by the city 25 cents per hour, for a cart, horse and driver, instead of 20 cents, was referred to the street committee.

A resolution fixing the grade of Payne street, from Cameron street to Oronoco street, was referred back, Council having decided that an ordinance was necessary under the circumstances.

A resolution of inquiry as to the cost of gravelling and curbing Wolfe street, between Lee and Union, was referred.

Council concurred in the action of the Board of Aldermen in several cases and then invited the Aldermen to a joint meeting to elect a Police Commissioner and three school trustees.

JOINT CONVENTION.

The two boards having gathered in joint meeting, Alderman Curtin presiding, it was announced that the first business in order was the election of a member of the Police Board.

Mr. Snowden nominated Mr. Zoro Hill, the present incumbent, and said he had been informed that Mr. Hill had made a faithful and efficient commissioner.

Mr. Hill was then unanimously elected by a total vote of seventeen.

For school trustee from the First ward, Mr. Laurence Stabler was elected, vice Mr. R. P. Aitchison, resigned.

Capt. Bryan said Mr. Stabler was already a member of the School Board from the Fourth ward but in a measure had been legislated out by the recent change of ward lines. He presented Mr. Stabler's resignation as a member from the Fourth ward and nominated him for a trustee for the First ward to fill the vacancy.

For school trustees from the Fourth ward, vice Col. F. L. Smith and Mr. L. Stabler, resigned, Dr. Wm. M. Smith and Mr. T. J. Fannon were unanimously elected by a total vote of seventeen. The joint convention then dissolved and the board adjourned.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Burglars blew open the safe in the postoffice at Canton Junction, Mass., early this morning and stole \$3 in cash and \$200 in stamps.

Mrs. Mary R. Miller, who was 83 year old today, was run over by a trolley car in Harrisburg, Pa., this morning and had her left leg cut off. She will probably recover.

Philip Shively aged 30, was committed to jail at Bridgeton, N. J., today charged with bigamy. Shively was confronted by wives two and three, the latter being a bride of a few days. Three wives are living.

FOREIGN NEWS.

In Paris today the courts condemned the French Panama Canal Company to pay 100,000 francs damages for breaking the convention of 1898 with the civil companies regarding the payment of bond issues.

Rabbi Louis Newman, a prominent Jewish religious worker, attempted to commit suicide after completing services in his synagogue in Dublin today. The cause of his attempt to take his life is not known.

The new Cunard liner Caroni, a vessel of 21,000 tons, the largest steamship ever built in Great Britain, was launched today at Glasgow. Mrs. Choate, the wife of the American Ambassador, christened the new leviathan.

Corruption in the Russian commissariat department continues to be discovered. It was learned today that 28 wagon loads of preserved meats and other foodstuffs have had to be destroyed at Omsk, because the food was putrid.

The Berlin Tageblatt has a dispatch reporting the destruction by fire of the Russian town of Prozysucha. Four hundred houses, mostly lofty tenements were left in ruins. Five thousand persons are homeless, and are camping in the fields about the devastated town.

Forty-two of the crew of the Cunard line steamer Pannonia deserted from the vessel a few hours before it was due to sail from Flume today. The Pannonia is loaded with emigrants for New York. The captain reported the matter to the British consul, and 25 of the deserters were forced to return, the rest came back voluntarily.

Germany has admitted her inability to cope with the rebel Herreros of German Southwest Africa, and has asked England's aid. The British government, as a result, has granted permission to Germany to engage the 30er general Maritz as a military adviser to General Trotha, who is in command of the German troops.

The general strike at Borslaw, Galicia, among the petroleum and other workers, has taken on a very serious aspect. Two hundred revolvers have been sold in the town since the strike was inaugurated, and the authorities fear this presages bloodshed. The petroleum which has overflowed the wells has run into the streams and the drinking water of the place is polluted.

Sued by His Doctor.

"A doctor here has sued me for \$12.50, which I claimed was excessive for a case of cholera morbus," says E. White, of Coacahua, Cal. "At the trial he praised his medical skill and medicine. I asked him if it was not cholera morbus, Cholera and Diarrhoea. He replied he was not sure, but he believed it was, and he would not say under oath that it was not." No doctor could use a better remedy than this in a case of cholera morbus, it never fails. Sold by Richard Gibson and W. F. Creighton & Co.

FOR SALE.—The famous LEE COAL at the lowest market prices. W. A. SMOOT & CO.

Official.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Alexandria, Va., held July 12, 1904, there were present: Messrs. Marbury, Ballenger, Clark, Curtin and W. H. Sweeney.

The President being absent, Mr. Curtin was elected President pro tem. A report of the Committee on Finance and Streets recommending an appropriation of \$4,000 to build a sewer at the corner of Pitt and Princess streets westward to Washington street; thence northward on Washington street to Pendleton street, with branches from Washington and Oronoco streets to Columbus and southward on Columbus street to one half way to Princess street, received from the Common Council and laid over at the last meeting, was adopted.

A report of the Committee on Light and Finance recommending an appropriation of \$1,275 to construct a sewer on Gibbs street from Royal east to Fairfax street and westward into the alley running through the square and northward on 18th street to Wilkes street, received from the Common Council at the last meeting, was adopted.

A petition of Charles Pullman for permission to install a show window on the Alfred street side of his store, No. 825 Duke street, was granted.

A petition from the same for permission to erect a frame addition to the rear of his store at the corner of Duke and Fairfax streets, was granted. An ordinance to amend and re-enact an ordinance granting to the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway Company permission to furnish electricity for power for other purposes in the city of Alexandria was introduced by Mr. Ballenger and referred to the Committee on Light.

The following were received from the Common Council and their action concurred in by unanimous vote of the Board:

The report of the Finance Committee recommending an appropriation of \$250 for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the Firemen's Convention, August 16-18, 1904. A resolution appropriating \$7,500 to build a storm sewer at Hood's run bridge.

Report of the Committee on Streets on a petition of McKinney and Lyons for permission to repair a shed at the northeast corner of Duke and Fairfax streets.

Report of the same committee on a resolution recommending an appropriation of \$800 to gutters and gravel Payne street from Commerce to King.

Petition of Mrs. M. Adamson for permission to enlarge house No. 224 south Washington street.

Resolution appropriating \$400 to build a pipe sewer from Royal street eastward on Duke street to Fairfax, with a branch sewer southward in alley opening on Duke street, between Oronoco and Henry streets.

Resolution fixing the grade of Payne street from Commerce street to Oronoco.

Order requesting the City Engineer to report the cost of gravelling and curbing Wolfe street from Lee to Union.

Resolution fixing the pay of city carts at 25 cents per hour.

Petition of J. H. Crilly for permission to erect a kitchen to dwelling, 219 north Columbus street, was granted.

Petition of Firm and Irving Bawner for permission to erect two two-story frame houses on Columbus street, between Oronoco and Union streets, was granted.